

DATE IS NOW FIXED.
OKLAHOMA INDIAN LANDS TO BE OPENED AUGUST 6.
President's Proclamation Names the Day and Prescribes the Manner of Allotment of the Homesteads-Indians Ask an Injunction.

It is explicitly stated that "no one will be permitted to make settlement upon any of the lands in advance of the opening provided for," and the statement is added that "during the first sixty days following said opening no one but registered applicants will be permitted to make homestead settlement upon any of said lands and then only in the line of a homestead entry duly allowed by the local land officers or of a soldier's declaration statement duly accepted by such officers."

Under the plan of allotment the United States government retains 70,000 acres of the land surrounding Fort Hill, the military post of the reservation. After this deduction from the reservation and the allotment of the land to the Indians there will remain over 10,000 homesteads of 100 acres each for settlement.

An injunction suit was brought before Judge Irwin at St. Louis on an order restraining the register of the land office, the receiver, the surveyors, and all other persons from proceeding with the opening of the land according to the provisions of the act of Congress under which it proceeded.

The bill of particulars for the injunction contends that the lands of the Indians are being illegally and unconstitutionally treated from them against their wishes. It shows that the organic act creating the territory of Oklahoma made the laws and the constitution of the United States applicable to the territory. Provisions were made in the act whereby the Indians could invoke the aid of the courts for their protection. Under the constitution of the United States "no person shall be deprived of life, liberty, or property without due process of law."

It contends that the act of Congress is "a person" and that the opening of the reservation will deprive him of his lands, rights, and will to the same injustice to the other Indians affected.

Mrs. Agnes Rothrock of St. Louis, who is cleaning a bed with gasoline, exploded seriously burning her and three children.

Senator Tillman plans to have the vote at the primaries so altered that McLaughlin cannot take it, and will so be forced out of the party.

DAWES HAS RESIGNED.
Wants to Wear the Senatorial Mantle of William E. Mason.
Comptroller of the Currency Dawes has entered his resignation to the President to take effect Oct. 1. Dawes resigns his office in order to enter the Illinois Senatorial contest this fall.



Charles Gates Dawes.
Influenced solely in this action by what seems to me the plain propriety of the situation.

and related to the stockholders such portions of the annual report as were determined by further legislation had been excessive. Comptroller Dawes also organized a system of consolidation of insolvent banks in the last stages of liquidation so that at the present time thirty-seven receiverships are being administered by two receivers, which greatly reduced expenses. One of the important features of the Dawes administration has been the annual reports to Congress.

Extreme hot weather and holidays contributed to make the business week a rather dull one. Excepting for a good hot spell played over the city, beginning at 7 o'clock at night, sending the mercury from 90 degrees to 96 degrees.

The corn crop is a subject for anxiety. In some places the situation is the least promising one recalled in thirty years. Stockholders interested in railroads largely dependent on the corn yield have been placed to be assured of favorable conditions.

The failure of the Buffalo banks has not disturbed the general banking situation, but the recent organization of so many small banks is looked on by some as a possible source of future danger.

The three days' holiday and the heat left little room for activity in the New York stock market. The chief development of the week was the declaration of dividends on the preferred and common stocks of the United States Steel Corporation.

The French administration announced the opening of a cable between Oran and Tangier.



There is some talk of using the rural free delivery for merchandise also.

TEMPERATURE GOES TO 102.

All records for the heat in Chicago are shattered.
Wednesday was the hottest day Chicago ever experienced. The thermometer in the Auditorium tower registered 102 degrees at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, the highest previous maximum temperature having been made on July 10, 1887, when 101 degrees was registered, but which went into the printed record as 100 degrees.

One of the features of the day's heat was the wind that blew over the baked prairies of Illinois and Iowa. It started at a ten-mile gale at 7 o'clock in the morning and then began to climb the thermometer at the rate of three degrees an hour until the high point was reached at 4 o'clock. At that hour the wind was blowing at the rate of thirty miles an hour.

The heat breeze which visits Chicago like a pestilence, which during the summer months practically all times of business were affected unfavorably by the weather. In many manufacturing establishments employers directed that work be abandoned on account of the heat.

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HATS FOR HORSES.

Some of the Season's Styles in Equine Headgear.
During the recent hot spell city harness dealers were unable to keep enough horse sunbonnets in hand to supply the demand.

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SETTLERS IN TORTURE.

Oklahoma Registry Puts Scenes of Heat and Exhaustion.
The first day of the opening of the registration for the allotment of the lands in the Oklahoma territory has been a day of heat and exhaustion for the settlers.

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CROPS HURT BY HEAT.

TEXAS AND THE MISSOURI VALLEY SUFFER DAMAGE.
Injury Not General. Outlook for Spring Wheat in the Northwest is Good. Harvest in the Northwest is Good.

According to the climate and crop division of the weather bureau the western and central districts east of the Rocky Mountains have experienced two consecutive weeks of intense heat, and while the average daily temperature excess for the past week was not so quite marked as in the previous week in the central valley, it was more so in the middle of the week.

Winter wheat harvest is finished in Kansas, Missouri and in the lower Ohio valley and is in progress in the middle northern sections. Farmers have interpreted the high temperature as a sign of good crops, but the high temperature has been a source of worry to the farmers in the middle northern sections.

Reports by States.
Missouri. Extremely high temperatures with occasional winds practically stop all outdoor work. The corn crop is in the hands of the farmers, but the high temperature has been a source of worry to the farmers in the middle northern sections.

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CRAWFORD CO. DIRECTORY.

COUNTY OFFICERS.
Sheriff: Geo. J. Owen.
Clerk: J. H. Baker.
Treasurer: John J. Covert.
Recorder: J. H. Baker.
Judge of Probate: John J. Covert.
Surveyor: J. H. Baker.

SOCIETY MEETINGS.

Methodist Episcopal Church. Pastor: A. Orval Alexander. Preaching 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Bible school 10 a. m. Sabbath school 12 m. Junior League, 8:45 p. m. Junior League, 8:45 p. m. Tuesday prayer meeting, 7:40 p. m. Thursday.

WOMEN'S RELIEF CORPS.

Meets every third Tuesday in each month. Mrs. J. H. Baker, Secy.
MAYDAY POST, No. 240. G. A. B. meets the second and fourth Saturdays in each month. A. H. Wines, Post Com.

GRAYLING LODGE.

No. 384. F. & M. S. meets in regular communication on Thursday evening on or before the full of the moon. J. F. H. Secy.

GRAYLING CHAPTER, ORDER OF EASTERN STARS.

No. 5. Meets every first and third Saturday evening on or before the full of the moon. Mrs. J. H. Baker, Secy.

GRAYLING TENT, K. O. T. M.

No. 102. Meets every Saturday evening. J. J. Collins, Com.

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Advertisements.

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If you put a sign over your door, you are an advertiser. The sign is intended to advertise your business to the passer-by.

FARMERS' CORNER

Painting Farm Buildings

Some one has said that "paint and putty are like charity, they cover up a multitude of sins," or faults, would have been a better word, as not all faults deserve to be covered up. When the spring rains are over, and the soil is dry, but before the flies get plenty, is a good time to paint farm buildings, barns and tools. It is not necessary to have a skilled painter to do all this economy is to be studied. The ready-mixed paints, properly used, will last as long, look as well, and preserve the wood as well as those mixed by the painter, and any hired man or smart boy can soon learn to spread them, not as well as the man who learned the trade, but well enough to cover the buildings. When we first tried such a job we received those directions which helped us much. Keep the paint well mixed, do not get too much on the brush, and keep the brush steady in a straight line. Be on something or some old building where looks is not very important, and a considerable improvement will be seen in the workmanship after even a day's practice, and when a second coat is put on it should be smooth enough to hide the defects of the first attempt. Most of the ready-mixed paints are improved by the addition of a little more oil and turpentine, at least toward the bottom of the cans, but few will keep them sufficiently well stirred. —American Cultivator.

Retainable Farm System

A correspondent of the Ohio Farmer describes a siphon which he made himself, of three-quarter-inch galvanized pipe. It lifts the water from the well, he says, 18 to 22 feet perpendicularly from a well and diversifies into a water-tight something like 100 yards from and 64 feet below the water level of the well. It works as well as 22 feet from top, but not quite as fast as at 18 feet. The one thing that is indispensable

A FARM SYPHON

to siphon water this height is a valve at A to close and hold water in pipe while filling. This valve is similar to the lower valve in a suction pump, just fits in a three-quarter-inch coupling and admits a full stream when open. The lower end at B is huddled as a funnel pipe from storage tank, with a float valve. Have a pipe outside to connect with a hose. At the top have a short piece of pipe bent down at other side of the tee, B, E, to insure D being the highest point in the pipe from well to trough. At the upper hole at D have a piece of pipe (6 to 8 feet long) with good sized holes at P, F. Have the pipe inclosed as the core to channel. C, C, chamber made of heavy copper soldered to pipe above and below F, F. Have pipe threads protruding at F so as to connect a three-quarter-inch steam valve. This is safer and more convenient than plug. Have a three-quarter-inch pipe connected into top of valve, T, with enough threads, 822 and one inch protruding to screw on a faucet, H. Our chamber is three feet of three-inch pipe connected by galvanized at C and D, but they are not kept except at the large plumbing shops and the chamber is not as I would like. The chamber should hold three or four gallons and then the siphon will run for two weeks or more with one filling. To fill siphon, close valve B, first, then fill funnel, F, next open valve S and weight of water in pipe will close valve A. You cannot pump air out at valve S, R. Siphon runs about four gallons per minute with 64 feet head below water level, with valve B wide open.

Milk from Farrow Cows

The milk of cows that have long passed the season of greatest production, which is soon after farrowing, is much richer in butter-fat than that which the same cows give soon after dropping their calves, says an exchange. If they had not been bred, the milk also usually contains more of the albuminoids also. For this reason it is harder to digest, and as cows' milk is at best unsuited to the stomach of a young infant, that from new milk cows, where procurable is always to be preferred. The milk of the cow is too rich in fat, causing the infant to throw it up soon after taking a quantity. It may be improved by diluting it with warm water made quite sweet with pure sugar. Even farrow cows' milk thus prepared may be used with safety if the infant is obliged to suck it through a tube, through which it can only get a small amount at a time.

Living Worm-out Farms

Shepherd of the Ohio Farmer has passed through the staples of farming, from a farm, paying interest on a mortgage and getting from it a living for a family, would certainly advise the young farmer against taking such a farm. Except in rare cases, the best profits from farming come from the small farm, so managed that each acre of land yields the best possible crop, and many times, more than one crop. With this sort of farming there can be a concentration of capital, energy and materials not possible with one who feels it necessary to buy a worn-out farm.

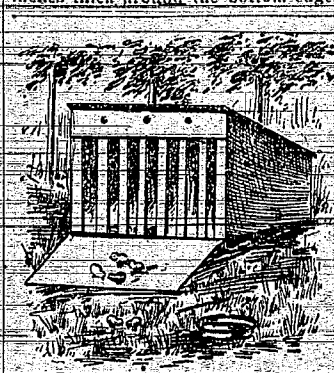
Growing Tobacco

We used to know a man who claimed that he found it profitable to grow opium every year for market. He used land that was light and warm, and we thought scarcely strong enough for a

very good crop of field corn, and gave it a fairly good dressing of manure, and he said his crop usually exceeded twenty bushels of ears to the acre, and we think he kept it until well dried or in condition for parching, and had a local demand for it at a higher price than was paid for that group in the West. We think it used to bring from \$2 to \$3 a bushel in the ear. —New England Homestead.

Good for Young Chickens

In raising young chickens the battle is in keeping them well protected from damp weather, and yet giving them an abundance of air for proper ventilation. The coop illustrated has been thoroughly tested. It is built of matched boards, and raised two inches from the ground by mulling cleats two inches thick around the bottom edges.



GOOD COOP FOR CHICKS

The front is hinged, and during the day is used as a feeding board for both the chicks and the mother hen. At night, and when cold and stormy, the front is closed over the chicks and fastened with a button. In the top front of the coop, holes are bored, which provide ample ventilation. The frame of the house may be as the builder will, although the shape shown is less expensive than the gable roof, and it matched boards are used, as advised, will be quite as water-tight.

Cure of Tenues

It will soon be time to start the mowing machines at work, and possibly many have done so already, although the grass has not matured as early as it does in some seasons. It is a satisfaction to watch the grass fall before the rapidly whirling knives, and to feel that the horses are doing the work so much faster and better than it used to be done by hand labor. How we used to sweat and sweated in haying time, and how often we used to need to quench our thirst as we came to the end of the swath, some with water and some with more potent beverages. Now the man on the machine does not perspire as much, or need to drink as often, and we can be sure that he gets the animals which are doing the hard labor for him also need to quench their thirst, more frequently than they would if quietly stalling in a well-ventilated stable. They should not be expected to keep busily at work for more than five hours at a time, and they will do that much more comfortably if they are given a half-pailful of water about twice in that time. Take a cask and bucket along to the field if the watering place is not handy, and offer them water occasionally. —Massachusetts Droughman.

The White Grub

The white grub, which often in a dry season eats out of the roots of the grass and corn, and will eat almost any root which is known as the June beetle, is known as the June beetle, and further south as the May beetle. It often is so abundant as to make it necessary to mow up fields where they have destroyed all the grass, and even then it is difficult to destroy the grub. But we have seen it stated that the beetle, though it flies mostly by night, is a leaf-eating insect, and where the trees are sprayed with arsenites many of them are killed. As one of their favorite foods is the leaf of the hickory tree, that should be sprayed regularly each year. —American Cultivator.

Warts on Calves

Take a blunt knife and scrape the top of the wart and apply a little terebinthine of antimony to it with a feather. Repeat every third day until it is lower than the skin. Then mix one ounce of oxide of zinc with two ounces of vasoline and rub on a little once a day.

Farm Notes

Don't begrudge a robin a few cherries. No weeds are more injurious than neglect.

Angulosity can raise strawberries with a spoon.

Economy in youth means an easy chair in old age.

An ounce of cultivation is worth a pound of manure.

Berries well picked and packed are well received in market.

Do not let the wheat and rye get dead ripe before harvesting.

Even a nice, refined girl may have a rough chap on her hands.

The devil owes much of his success to the fact that he is always on hand.

Do your pears crack? The remedy is to spray with Bordeaux mixture. Do it now.

Just as like as not your lima bean poles are too long. At makes the vines tired to climb so high.

Spray the grafts just put in. Often they do not start off well on account of fungi, which Bordeaux mixture will cure.

Don't wait until your plants are badly injured by plant lice before applying the kerosene emulsion or tobacco water.

To preserve raw fruits or vegetables in perfect condition, wrap in tissue paper soaked in a solution of salicylic acid and dried.

For late sugar corn for the table, plant the last week of June or in July up to the fourth. Such corn is in ways meets a ready sale in market.

Borers should be limited for. Gam extending at the root of peach trees is a sure sign of their presence. Dig them out with a knife, or kill them with a place of water.

Plenty of potash makes firm and sweet fruit. That is why the experienced recommend the liberal use of wood-ashes, and of German potash salts in orchards and vineyards.

MICHIGAN MATTERS.

NEWS OF THE WEEK CONCISELY CONDENSED.

Frightened Man Falls Dead—Pig-roes' Remains Viewed by Thousands.

Clonduburgh, near Grand Rapids—Money in the State Treasury.

Honey Bees, and the most plentiful.

Several farmers near Sherrill are expected this year to grow a bumper crop of honey, the value of which is such a profitable industry in the southwestern portion of the State.

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STATE TEACHERS' INSTITUTES.

List of Those to be Held During the Summer.

Superintendent of Public Instruction Fall has arranged the following State teachers' institutes for the months of July and August:

Montcalm County, at Greenville, for fifteen days, commencing July 15.

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COLLEGE GIRLS AS WIVES.

The Pinched Woman Is the Best Example of Her Sex.

It is now admitted, especially in America, that a woman is as much entitled to education as a man; that the school training may be of great benefit in the discharge of her every duty as wife, mother and citizen, and that a woman is well as unjust to neglect to send her forth well equipped by education to take part in the strenuous life confronting every man and woman of to-day. The educated woman is the best equipped of her sex for wifehood. Says the Cincinnati Commercial Gazette, by education is meant, of course, mere book learning, but the culture which is physical, mental, ethical and industrial.

What the Pinched Face Did for the Hard Man of the World.

It was comfortable and fulfilled, having just done ample justice to a sumptuous meal. As he stood in the door of the cage, a ragged, unkempt individual approached him and asked for money that he might eat. The man looked at him coldly and shook his head. "Pass on," he said roughly.

CHILD MELTED HIS HEART.

What the Pinched Face Did for the Hard Man of the World. It was comfortable and fulfilled, having just done ample justice to a sumptuous meal. As he stood in the door of the cage, a ragged, unkempt individual approached him and asked for money that he might eat. The man looked at him coldly and shook his head. "Pass on," he said roughly.

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THE YUKON RIVE

Alaska's Great Wonder, The Klondike River, emptying into the Pacific Ocean, rises in British Columbia and, after a course of about 2,000 miles, flows through a wide delta into the Behm Canal Sea. The river drains an area estimated at 200,000 square miles, and is said to discharge one-third more water than the Mississippi. At a distance of 600 miles from the sea, the river is a mile wide, and is navigable for over 1,000 miles. The Klondike is one of the richest gold mines of recent years, was named after Klondike on the Yukon River, in the interior of Alaska. The discovery was made by George W. Carmack who went to that region about ten years ago to engage in salmon fishing. In striking a claim for fish in August, 1896, he found gold in the gravel of a stream now known as Bonanza Creek. The news of the discovery spread over the world and people from all quarters of the United States and Can-

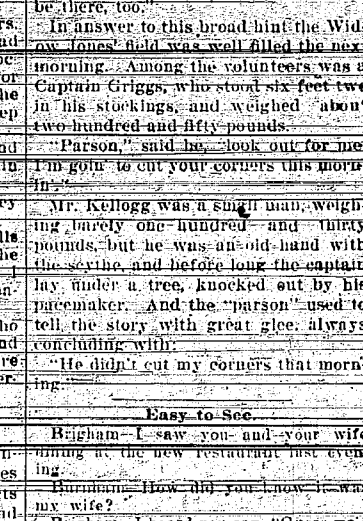
The Klondike region has an area of 140,000 square miles.

large as France. Due south, the principal city of this region is a remarkable place. It is situated only ninety miles south of the Arctic Circle, and it is at that in summer one can see to read indoors at midnight.

The Parson as a Patemaker.

Rev. Elijah Kellogg does not confine his good works to the composition of "Spartacus" and the preparation of capital books for boys. He was foremost in practical benevolence, and never so happy as when helping out his neighbors. One Sunday morning, just before sermon, he made this announcement:

"The Widow Jones' grass is getting pretty long. I shall be there with my scythe, rake and pitchfork at 4 o'clock to-morrow morning, and I hope every male member of my congregation will



in better have some roast beef." Boston

Do Your Feet Ache and Burn?
Shake into your shoes, Allen's Foot-Powder, for the feet—it makes them cool, keeps them dry, cures Corns, Bunions, Blisters, Swollen, Hot and Sweating Feet. At all Drugists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE by Address Allen S. Olmsted, Leno, N. Y.

Shifted the Responsibility.
Deacon, Elderberry, My dear Mrs. Crabtree, it only half the money spent in military were reduced in the church.

Mrs. Crabtree: Oh, no, but the mill-
ness won't reduce their prices. Huston
Heard.

Told the Whole Story.

Q	And how do you want to leave?
A	By Mary, what kind of reference shall I

write for you?
Mary—Oh, say I stayed with you for
six months, that'll do.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the
Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*

LIVER PILLS

[illegible]

BEN ZAUGG, Hot Springs, Ark.

RADWAY'S PILLS

Price 25c. a Box. Sold by Druggists or
Sent by Mail. Send to DR. RADWAY &
Co., 100 N. 3rd St., New York, for Book of Directions

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.

Best Gurgling Syrup, "Sure Good" Use
in Throat. - Sore of the Throat.

CONSUMPTION

25 CTS. 25 CTS.

DENSON

Successfully Prosecutes Claims.
First Principal Manager of U. S. Pension Bureau.

JOHN W. MORRIS

Washington, D. C.
Sole Agent for the U. S. Pension Bureau.

AGENTS

wanted to call on list of stock in a first-
class mint, liberal com. Rates of 1000 to 100,000
COPOLIN CO. COMPANY - HORTON - WASHINGTON

C If afflicted with weak eyes, use **Thompson's Eye Water**

C. N. U. No. 20-1001

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE SAY
you saw this advertisement in this paper.

Fill in your name and address on a postal card for a
WINCHESTER
IT'S FREE
different Winchester Rifles, Shotguns and
valuable information. Send at once to
New Haven, Conn.

[Faint handwritten notes and markings are visible across the page.]

LET ALONE

By CLYDE BIRCHAM

They're only a mother's treasures,
A curl of golden hair,
A dolly lip and broken,
And a frock you used to wear.
And her tears are falling on them,
For once you were her own,
But you were not like morning,
And she is left alone!

"Two hard to get good-bye dear,
"I wish to let you go,
But all the years living joy and
That only mothers know.

She looks at all her treasures,
And her tears fall like sweet rain,
She feels your tiny fingers
Upon her cheek again.
She seems to hear your footstep
Along the nursery floor,
As she goes about her work,
At the baby's side you were.

"Papa had to part with you, dear,
She always loved you so,
The love that best beyond the rest,
That only mothers know.

It seems to her a dream that
You've gone away a bride,
And that she will never know
To find you on her side.
Ah, yes, the years are true ones,
But for her heart they're false,
She still can play with those you
"Thought still, dear, as she goes.

For years made even her love dear,
Wherever you were, dear,
But now you're not with her,
And she is left alone.

Tom's Miserable Luck.

By CLYDE BIRCHAM

Tom's luck was never good,
And his misfortune was not new,
For he had been a miser since
The first day that he drew.

He was a miser from his birth,
And his misfortune was not new,
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The first day that he drew.

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"What felt so good, I say a little too long,"
"Just a little," said Mrs. Byrd,
"Now that you mention it, I
think you have been late every morning
a half-hour or so."

"Tom gave her an apprehensive look.
"Well, you see them warm mornings,
I thought it wouldn't make any difference.
You see—"

"But isn't a bargain a bargain?" she
asked, calmly. "You know you agreed
to be here every morning at half past six
and don't you think that's right?"

"Yes, but I'm not a clock," said Tom,
"and I can't be here every morning at
half past six. I may be wrong,
but I don't think it's fair to expect me to
be here every morning at half past six."

"But I don't think it's fair to expect me to
be here every morning at half past six,"
said Tom, "and I can't be here every
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HOT-WEATHER WRAPS

THEY ARE SURPRISINGLY NUMEROUS AND STRIKING.

The Automobile of Light-Weight Material
Is a Favorite for Autumn
Will Be.

New York correspondence.

A hot weather wrap, as we all know,
is a thing of the past. No more the
automobile of light-weight material
is a favorite for autumn. Will be.

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Is a Favorite for Autumn
Will Be.

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NOTES AND COMMENTS

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SPONGES CHOWING BOARGE.

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BOERS AND BRITISHERS.

CAPT. REICHMANN'S REPORT AS TO WHAT HE SAW IN THE TRANSVAAL.

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ISLAND HOME OF BIRDS.

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MIDSUMMER STYLES DESERVING OF CONTINUANCE.

Midsummer styles deserving of continuance. The light colors being especially hand-
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